

History of Kishiwada City

1922 (Taisho 11)

- Kishiwada Town became Kishiwada City.

1924 (Taisho 13)

- The city emblem was designated.

1927 (Showa 2)

- Kishiwada Racetrack was opened by Nankai-Kogyo in Nishinouchi-cho.

1928 (Showa 3)

- The Site of Kishiwada Castle and the public hall were contributed to the city from the Okabe family.

- Public Library opened for service.

1938 (Showa 13)

- Habugo-village, Sennan-gun was incorporated into Kishiwada City.

1940 (Showa 15)

- Arimaka-village and Higashi-Katsuragi-village, Sennan-gun were incorporated into Kishiwada City.

1942 (Showa 17)

- The old city of Kishiwada, Haruki-town, Yamadai-town and Minamikamori-village were disestablished. Kishiwada City was newly established.

1946 (Showa 21)

- Kishiwada Fire Department was established.

1948 (Showa 23)

- Yamataki-village, Senboku-gun was incorporated into Kishiwada City.

1950 (Showa 25)

- Kishiwada Cycle-race track was completed. The first municipal cycle race was held.

1952 (Showa 27)

- Public sewerage project started.

1954 (Showa 29)

- Kishiwada Castle Tower was rebuilt.

1957 (Showa 32)

- "Jichishinkou-iinkai"- Committee of Self Government Promotion- was reorganized to "Chokai-rengoukai" - Federation of Neighborhood Association.

1961 (Showa 36)

- Civic Exercise Hall "Shingikan" was completed.
- Civic Hall coupled with the community center was completed.

1964 (Showa 39)

- Danjiri Parade was held on "Kishiwada-ekimae-dori" - Kishiwada Station Street- for the first time.

1966 (Showa 41)

- Coastal Industrial Area and Wood Industrial Complex were completed.

1969 (Showa 44)

- Kishiwada City-Kaizuka City garbage processing plant was completed.

1973 (Showa 48)

- General Welfare Center was completed.
- "Johoku-Chiku-Shimin-Kyogikai" - Johoku community conference- was established. It was the first in the city.

1974 (Showa 49)

- Haruki Horse Race was abolished.



City Hall at the time of the city foundation



Kishiwada Castle under reconstruction



Danjiri Parade on "Kishiwada-ekimae-dori" - Kishiwada Station Street-

1975 (Showa 50)

- New Public Library was completed.

1978 (Showa 53)

- First Citizen's Festival was held.

1979 (Showa 54)

- The 2nd Hanwa national route, National route 26, opened for service.

1981 (Showa 56)

- Water supply for Ushitaki area and Tonohara-cho was started. Perfect water supply was achieved.

1984 (Showa 59)

- Shimomatsu station on the JR Hanwa line opened for business.
- Madoka Hall opened for service.

1986 (Showa 61)

- Central Park was completed.

1988 (Showa 63)

- Kishiwada Cultural Prize, Prize of Hamada Seiryu, was founded.
- Kishiwada Castle's 400th anniversary was held.

1989 (Heisei 1)

- Women's Center opened for service.

1993 (Heisei 5)

- Kishiwada Danjiri Hall opened for service.

1994 (Heisei 6)

- The Nankai line was elevated in the Kishiwada station area.
- The new Kishiwada station building was completed.

1995 (Heisei 7)

- Natural History Museum, Kishiwada City opened for service.

1998 (Heisei 10)

- Population exceeded 200,000.

1999 (Heisei 11)

- Spa of Ushitaki "IYOYAKANOSATO" opened for business.

2000 (Heisei 12)

- "Rose Bus"- the community bus- started its service.

2001 (Heisei 13)

- Civic Hall coupled with Chuo community center opened for service.

2002 (Heisei 14)

- Kishiwada City converted itself to a "Tokureishi" to exercise special authoritative powers given from Osaka Prefecture.
- Namikiri Hall opened for business.
- The 300th anniversary of Kishiwada Danjiri Festival was held.

2004 (Heisei 16)

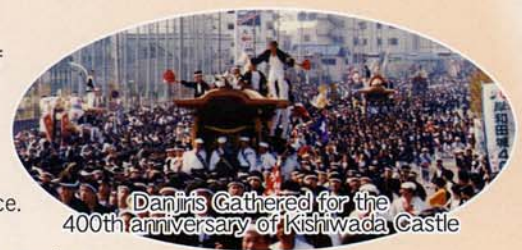
- Public sewerage service covered over 90% area of the city.
- Danjiri Festivals in Kishiwada and Haruki area were held on weekdays for the first time in 39 years, due to the revision of The Public Holiday Law.

2005 (Heisei 17)

- "The Jichikihon Bylaw", the basic bylaws for self-government, and the five related bylaws were enforced.



Citizen's Festival



Danjiris Gathered for the 400th anniversary of Kishiwada Castle

GET
TO
KNOW
US!



Rose Bus